

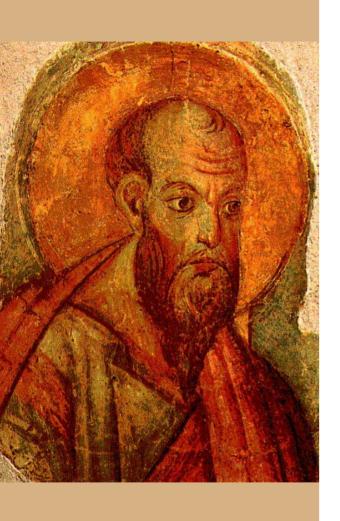
Paul, His Life and Teaching

Why Should We Study Paul?

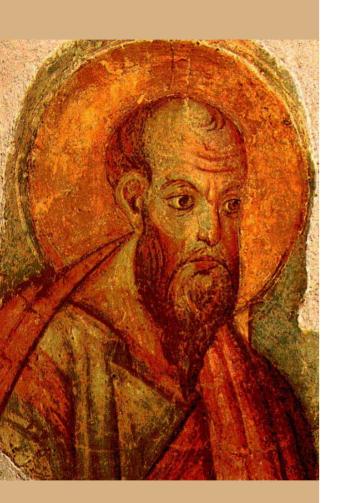
Lesson 1

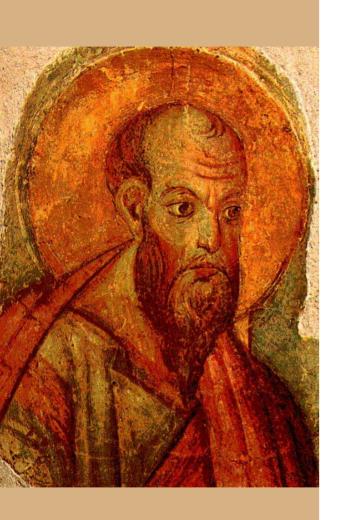
Biblical-Literacy.com

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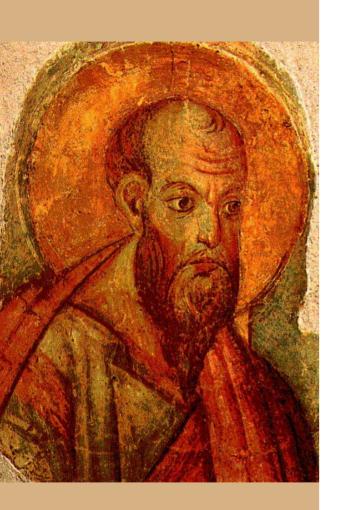


Was he "Paul" or "Saul"?



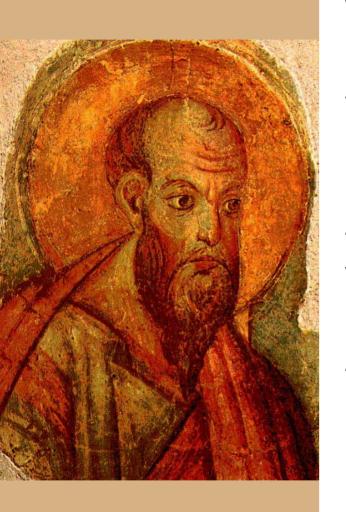


Acts 7 - Stephen stoned with clothes at Saul's feet Acts 8 - Saul persecutes the church



Acts 8 - Saul persecutes the church

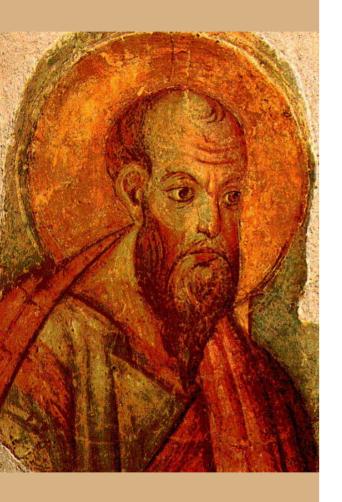
Acts 9 - "Saul Saul why are you persecuting me?"



Acts 8 - Saul persecutes the church

Acts 9 - "Saul Saul why are you persecuting me?"

Acts 11 - Barnabas seeks Saul

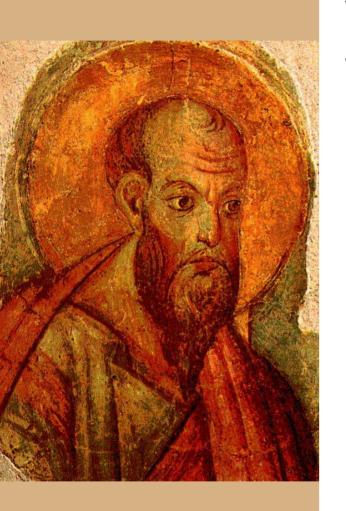


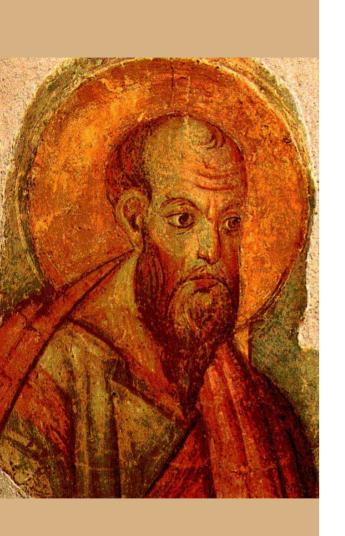
Acts 8 - Saul persecutes the church

Acts 9 - "Saul Saul why are you persecuting me?"

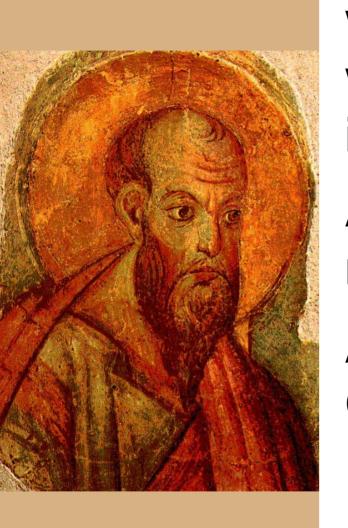
Acts 11 - Barnabas seeks Saul

Acts 12-13 - Barnabas and Saul on mission



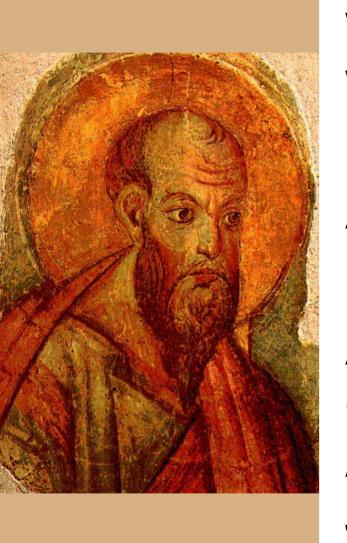


Acts 13 - Paul continues the missionary trip



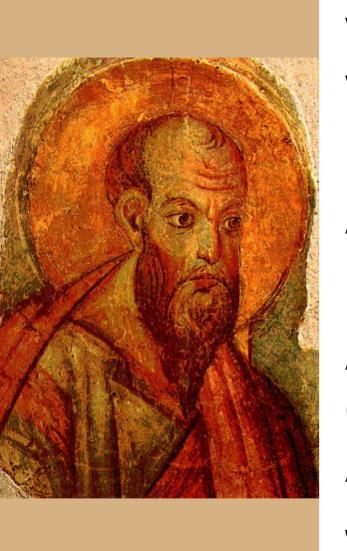
Acts 13 - Paul continues the missionary trip

Acts 14 - Paul preaches in Galatia



Acts 13 - Paul continues the missionary trip

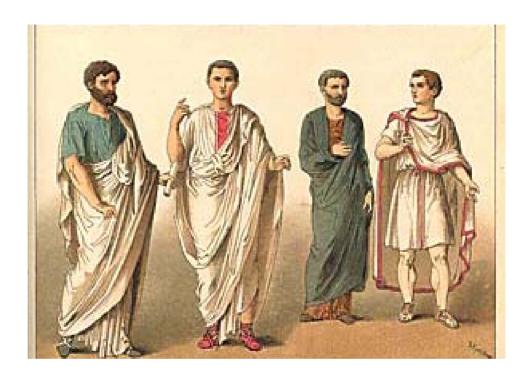
Acts 14 - Paul preaches in Galatia
Acts 15 - Paul goes to
Jerusalem



Acts 13 - Paul continues the missionary trip

Acts 14 - Paul preaches in Galatia
Acts 15 - Paul goes to
Jerusalem
Acts 16 - Paul & Timothy



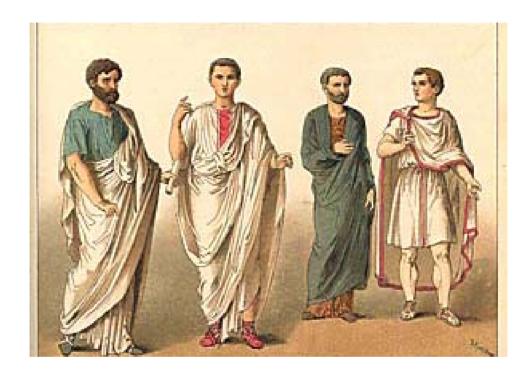


Gaius Julius Caesar



Gaius Julius Caesar

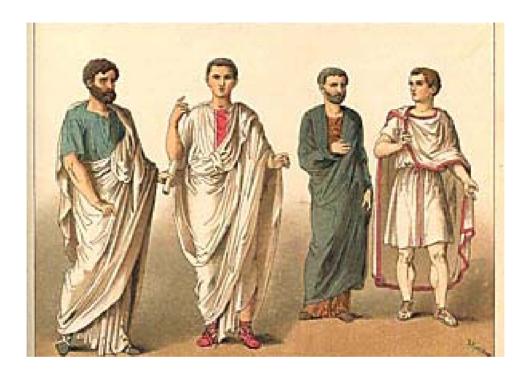
First name (*Praenomen*)



Gaius Julius Caesar

First name (*Praenomen*)

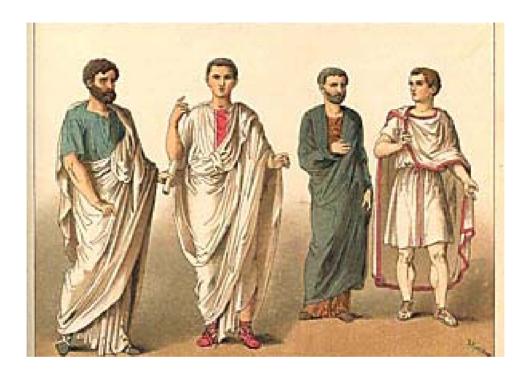
Personal given name



Gaius Julius Caesar

Second name (Nomen)

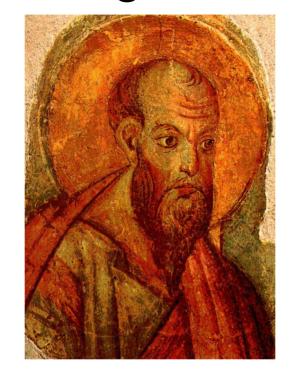
Clan affiliation



Gaius Julius Caesar

Third name (Cognomen)

: Nickname / family name



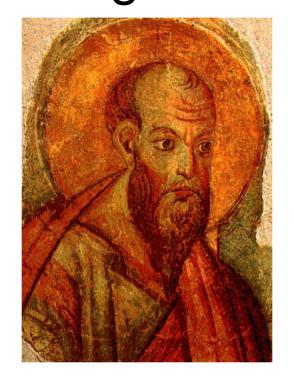
?

? Paullus (Little)

Third name (Cognomen)

Nickname / family name





? Paullus (Little)

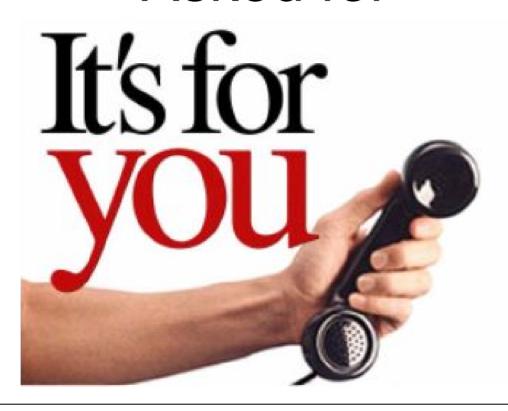


? Paullus (Little)

Being Jewish, Paul also had a Hebrew name: or "Sha'ul" or "Saoul" ("Asked for")



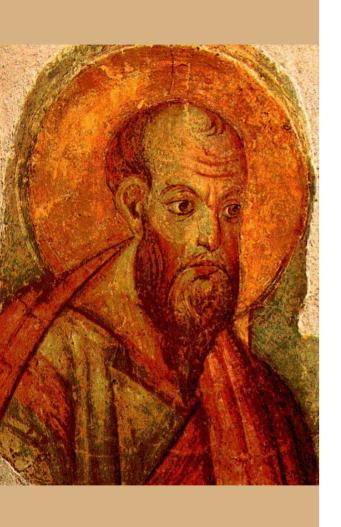




"Set apart for me Barnabas and Saul for the work to which I have *called* them." (Acts 13:2)



"Paul, a servant of Christ Jesus, called to be an apostle and set apart for the gospel of God." (Rom. 1:1)



Why study Paul?

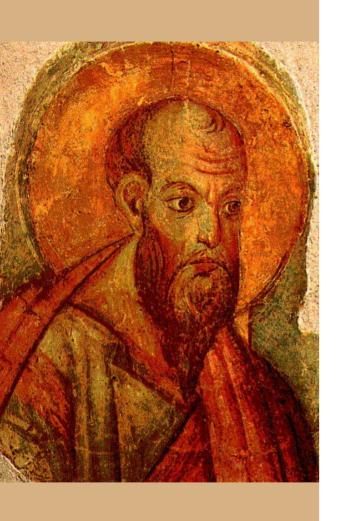


"Paul found the Church a small Jewish community with crude Messianic conceptions; he left it a world organization in which there was neither Jew nor Gentile."



"Paul found the Church a small Jewish community with crude Messianic conceptions; he left it a world organization in which there was neither Jew nor Gentile."

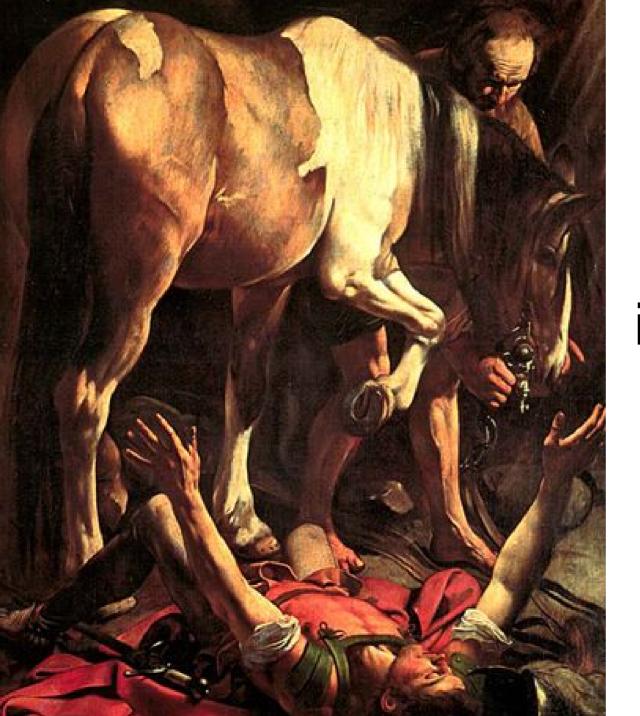




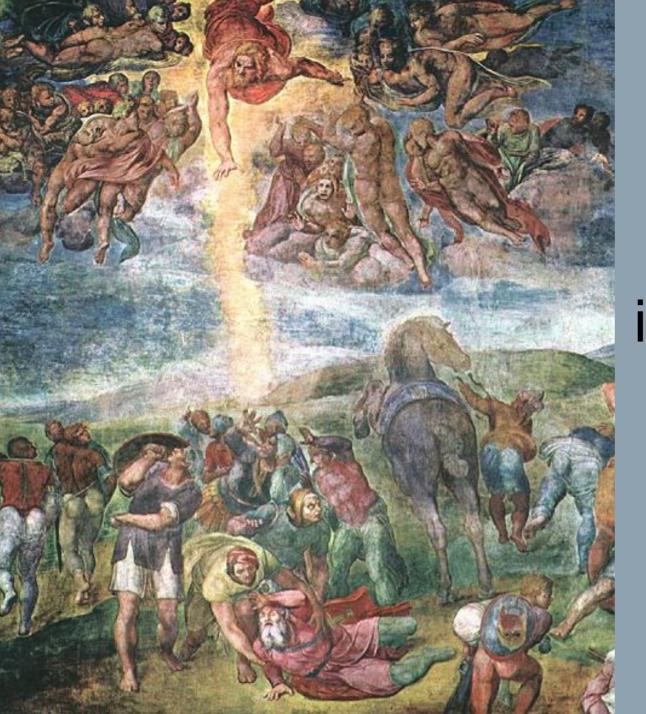
Why study Paul's teachings?

Peter on Paul

"And count the patience of our Lord as salvation, just as our beloved brother Paul also wrote to you according to the wisdom given him, as he does in all his letters when he speaks in them of these matters. There are some things in them that are hard to understand, which the ignorant and unstable twist to their own destruction, as they do the other **Scriptures**." (2 Peter 3:15-16)

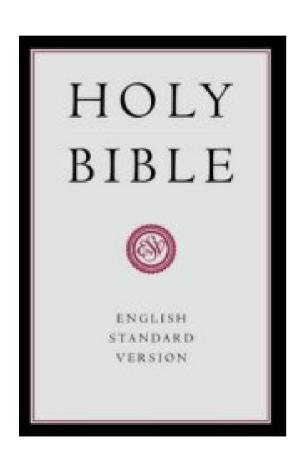


The faith implications of Paul's conversion

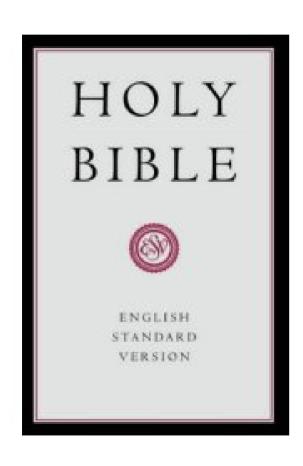


The faith implications of Paul's conversion

How will we study Paul?

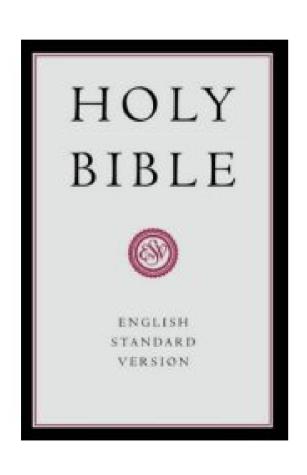


How will we study Paul?



Paul wrote 13 of 27
 New Testament books

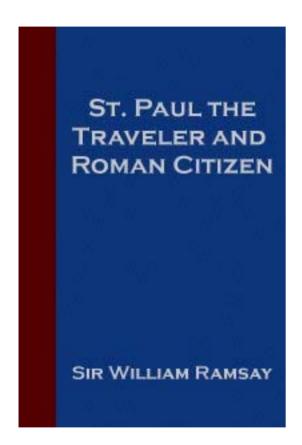
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Paul wrote 13 of 27
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 Paul is a focal point of Acts of the Apostles

Acts - one of 2 (3?) history books



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ST. PAUL THE TRAVELER AND ROMAN CITIZEN

SIR WILLIAM RAMSA

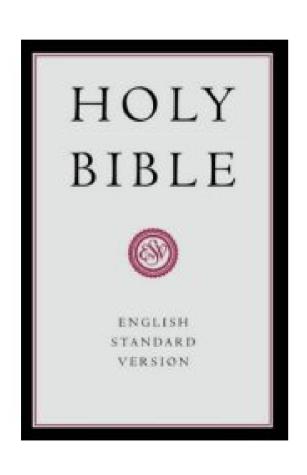
The characterisation of Paul in Acts is so detailed and individualised as to prove the author's personal acquaintance. Moreover, the Paul of Acts is the Paul that appears to us in his own letters, in his ways and his thoughts, in his educated tone of polished courtesy, In his quick and vehement temper, in the extraordinary versatility and

ST. PAUL THE TRAVELER AND ROMAN CITIZEN

SIR WILLIAM RAMSAY

adaptability which made him at home in every society, moving at ease in all surroundings, and everywhere the centre of interest, whether he is the Socratic dialectician in the Agora of Athens, or the rhetorician in its University, or conversing with kings and proconsuls, or advising in the council on shipboard, or cheering a broken-spirited crew to make one more effort for life.

How will we study Paul?

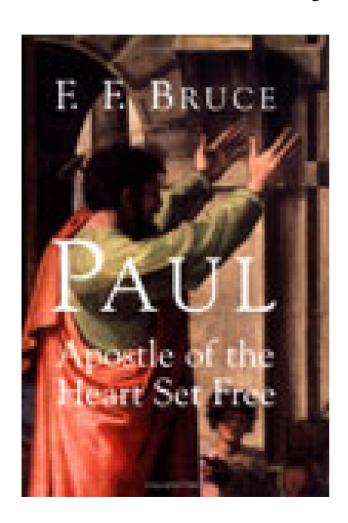


Paul wrote 13 of 27
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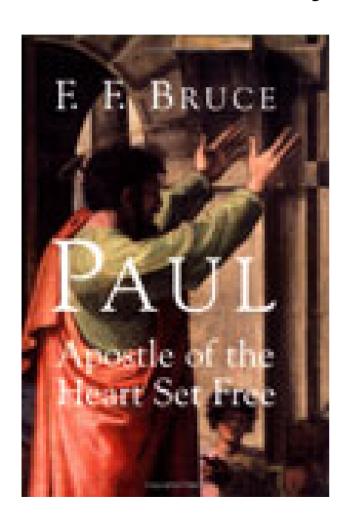
 Paul is a focal point of Acts of the Apostles

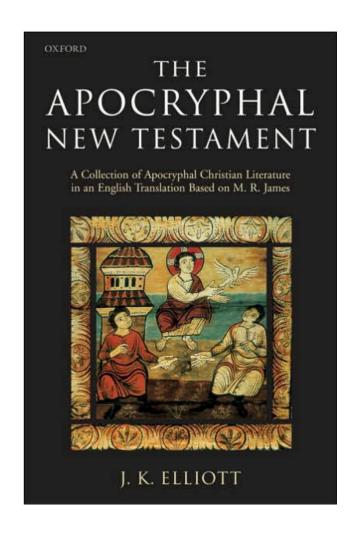
Scholarly works help a lot

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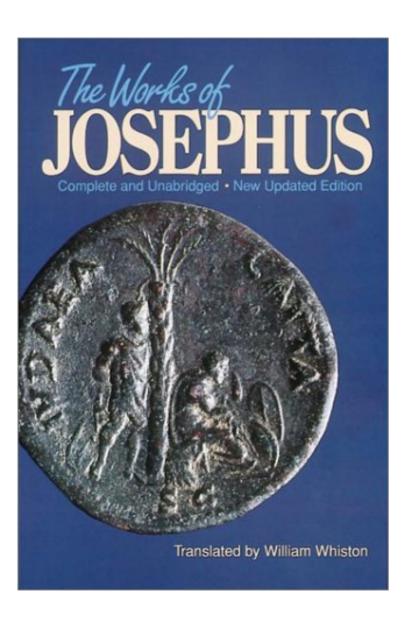


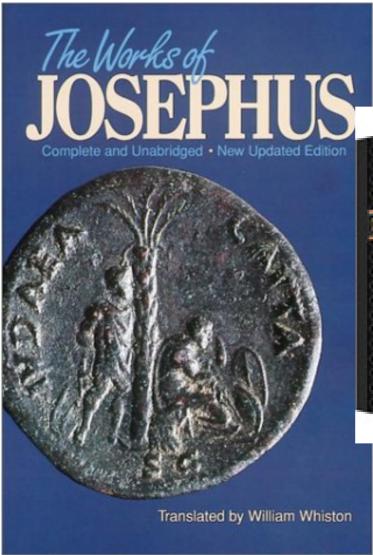


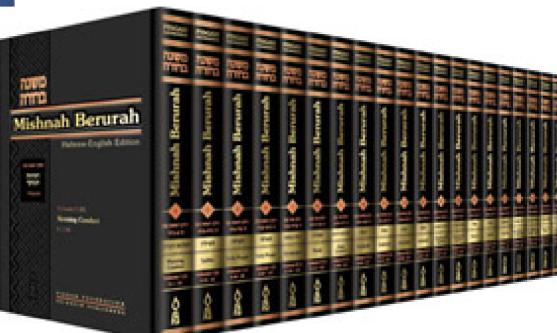
Acts of Paul and Thecla

Acts of Paul and Thecla

"he saw Paul coming, a man of middling size, and his hair was scanty, and his legs were a little crooked, and his knees were projecting, and he had large eyes and his eyebrows met, and his nose was somewhat long, and he was full of grace and mercy; at one time he seemed like a man, and at another time he seemed like an angel."







We will examine the writings about Pharisees to understand where Paul kept aspects of his heritage and where he abandoned Pharisaic doctrines. Also, we know that Paul studied under the Rabbi Gamaliel, so we will examine what we know of Gamaliel and his teachings to discern their influence on Paul, both positively and negatively.

OUR PLAN

Our goal in this class is to cover the following areas:

- 1. Overview and Introductory Material
 - · Who was Paul?
 - · An overview of Paul's writings
 - · Paul's background and childhood
 - · Paul's Hebrew training
 - · Paul's Life as a Jew
 - · Paul's rebirth as a Christian
 - · Paul's strengths and weaknesses
 - · Paul's friends and co-workers
 - · Paul the Apostle
 - · Missionary travels
- 2. Paul's doctrine and theology
 - · Paul on God
 - · Paul on Jesus ("Christology")
 - Paul on Scripture
 - · Paul on the Law
 - · Paul on salvation ("Soteriology")
 - The gospel
 - Use of legal language
 - The elect
 - · Paul on sanctification
 - · Paul on guidance
 - Paul on morality/ethics
 - Paul on spiritual anatomy (spirit, soul, body, mind, etc.; "anthropology")
 - · Paul on spiritual warfare
 - Paul on prayer
 - · Paul on persecution
 - Paul on the Church ("eccles iology")
 - · Paul on worship
 - Paul on the sacraments of Baptism and the Lord's Supper
 - · Paul on interpersonal relations
 - · Paul on the Holy Spirit

Our plan (p. 6-7)

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Our plan (p. 6-7)

Paul as a person

 Paul's doctrine and theology

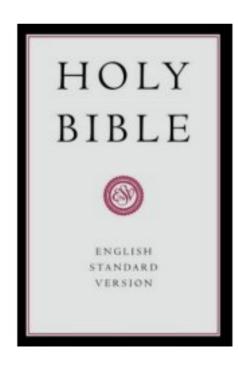




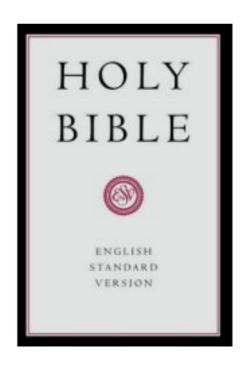
"No single event, apart from the Christevent itself, has proved so determinant for the course of Christian history as the conversion and commissioning of Paul." - F. F. Bruce

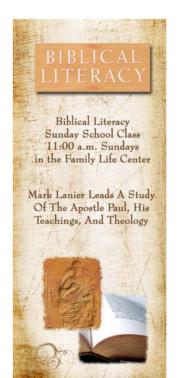
GETREADY

GETREADY



GETREADY





GETREADY

As the rain and the snow come down from heaven, and do not return to it without watering the earth and making it bud and flourish, so that it yields seed for the sower and bread for the eater, so is my word that goes out from my mouth: It will not return to me empty, but will accomplish what I desire and achieve the purpose for which I sent it' (Is. 55:10-11)